

## DEPOSIT PACKAGING

Glass and plastic bottles, tin cans bearing the emblem of deposit-subject packaging.

Take these items to collection points, where the bottles can be returned to the retailer (via machine) and get the deposit back.

## REUSABLE ITEMS

Clean and undamaged clothes, shoes, home textiles, toys, dishes, books, CDs, sports equipment, bicycles, etc.

Damaged, moisture-stained, musty, mouldy, moth-eaten and dirty items should be taken to a waste centre.

Take these items to reuse centres (Uuskasutuskeskus, Sõbralt Sõbrale, Aarete Laegas, etc.), clothing containers or reuse rooms at waste centres in Pääsküla and Paljassaare or give away at reusable items collection tour.

## PACKAGING

Plastic and metal packaging, beverage packaging, glass packaging, cardboard and paper packaging.

Take these items to a public packaging collection site, waste centre or sign a contract for onsite collection.

## CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTE (including renovation waste)

Collect by type: stones, building stones and bricks, plaster, concrete, gypsum, sheet glass, reinforced concrete and concrete parts, wood, wallpaper, sinks, toilet bowls, shower corners, grave curbstones, construction wool, pipes, plastic windows, construction plastic, ceramic tiles, etc.

Take these items to a waste centre or order a construction waste container from your waste carrier.



## BULKY WASTE

Broken and unusable furniture and their parts (e.g., sofas, tables, shelves), carpets, other floor coverings, mattresses, curtains and curtain rails, large flowerpots, clothes racks, mirrors, sports equipment, bicycles, skis and sledges, baby prams, suitcases, toys, christmas trees, etc.

Take these items to a waste centre or order collection from your waste carrier.

## HAZARDOUS WASTE

Energy-saving light bulbs and LED bulbs, mercury-containing waste (e.g., old thermometers), oils and oil filters, solvents, paints, varnishes, glue and sealant residues, acids, alkalis, photo chemicals, plant protection chemicals, household chemicals (e.g., detergents, cleaning products), batteries and accumulators, medical waste, etc.

Take these items to a waste centre, hazardous waste collection site or give away at hazardous waste collection tour.

Old medicines can also be taken to the pharmacy, batteries and accumulators to their points of sale.

## TYRES

Take these items to the collection point designated by the manufacturer and the producer responsibility organisation, to a waste centre; if buying a new tyre, to the distributor's point of sale or to the tyre company.

## ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT AND THEIR PARTS

Refrigerators, stoves, washing machines, radios, hair dryers, curling irons, headphones, computers, printers, mobile phones, toys with batteries, e-cigarettes, etc.

Take these items to a waste centre or return the old device to the point of sale when buying a new one. Take a small electrical appliance to a point of sale, even if you don't buy a new one.

Take your separately collected household waste to waste centres in Tallinn: in Pääsküla (Raba tn 40), Rahumäe (Rahumäe tee 5a), Pärnamäe (Ristaia tee 8), Paljassaare (Paljassaare põik 5) and Aegna (Tagamaa tee 1).

More information: [tallinn.ee/jaatmed](http://tallinn.ee/jaatmed)  
[tallinn.ee/jaatmekeskus](http://tallinn.ee/jaatmekeskus)

# RECYCLING IS EASY

## PACKAGING

### GLASS PACKAGING



Rinse lightly (so as not to stain other packages and bags).

Remove caps and lids, labels may remain.

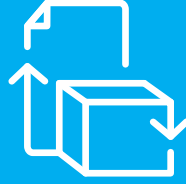
### PLASTIC AND METAL PACKAGING, BEVERAGE CARTONS



If necessary, rinse gently (to avoid smearing other packets and bags).

Leave caps and lids on.

### PAPER AND CARDBOARD PACKAGING



Fold large cardboard packages together or tear them to pieces, so they take up less space in the container.

Make sure the material is clean, free of dirt and dry.

### BIOWASTE



Put bio-waste in a container in bulk, in a paper bag or completely biodegradable and compostable bag.

### SCRAP PAPER



Put the waste paper in the container in bulk.

### MIXED WASTE



Collect packaging and food waste separately and the amount of mixed waste will decrease drastically!

## YES

- Bottles of soft drinks and alcoholic beverages
- Jars

- Plastic bags and packaging film
- Penoplast which has been around the product
- Packaging for cosmetics and care products
- Bread bags, ham and cheese packaging, salad boxes, yogurt cups, ketchup bottles
- Cans, aluminum cans
- Beverage cartons (eg packaging for milk and milk products, juice and wine)
- Metal stoppers and lids
- Packaging of other materials

- Cardboard boxes and cases
- Paper bags
- Wrapping paper
- Cardboard boxes with adhesive tapes

- Spoiled food and food waste
- Solid spoiled fruits and vegetables, their peels
- Meat and fish waste, fish bones
- Egg and nut shells
- Pulp egg trays
- Paper napkins, paper towels
- Coffee grounds, paper filters
- Cut flowers (also houseplants, including soil)
- Small amount of gardening and garden waste

- Newspapers
- Magazines
- Directories and advertising materials
- Workbooks, paper and cardboard caustics
- Printed and clean writing and drawing paper
- Office paper
- Cardboard
- Envelopes without plastic windows
- Old books (without hardcovers)

- Cat litter, greasy and difficult to clean packaging, diapers, sanitary napkins, cosmetics, baking paper, foil, cooled ash, vacuum cleaner dust bag, large bones, chewing gum, rubber items
- Light bulbs, CDs, empty and broken pens, empty felt-tip pens
- Broken mugs and plates

## NO

Window glass, sheet glass and mirror glass  
Light bulbs  
Ceramics, crystal and porcelain (for example, tableware, vases, etc.)  
Heat-resistant glass (eg oven-resistant foodware)

Baking paper, half-packed food  
Plastic toys  
Packaging containing dangerous substances (eg household chemicals, adhesives, paints and solvents)  
Diapers, sanitary napkins, condoms  
Pledge-marked bottles  
Plastic and rubber products other than packaging  
Building materials  
Clothing and footwear  
Packaging of products marked with a dangerous substance label

Dirty / wet paper and cardboard (eg pizza box)  
Tissue paper (eg toilet paper)  
Newspapers, magazines, books  
Copy or drawing paper  
Paper, cardboard, cardboard containing foil or film (eg juice packs, candy wrappers, book covers)  
Egg containers  
Wallpaper

Ordinary plastic bags, food packaging  
Glass  
Cat litter, ash, smoke cones,  
Liquid food residues, cooking oil  
Large bones, baking paper  
Paper bags with film or waxed surface or plastic window  
Old medicines  
Diapers, sanitary napkins  
Vacuum cleaner bags  
Artificial flowers, candles  
Flower pots, salad pots

Dirty or waterlogged paper and cardboard  
Household paper  
Used paper containers  
Copy paper  
Stickers, tapes  
Foil, butter paper  
Candy papers, ice cream papers  
Wallpaper  
Laminated or film-coated paper  
Tetrapacks, egg containers  
All wastes containing materials other than paper and cardboard

Food waste, clean packaging  
Hazardous waste, paint residues, medicines, accumulators, batteries, flammable and explosive wastes, household appliances, electronic waste, toys with batteries, e-cigarettes  
Garden and construction waste  
Liquid wastes (for example, used cooking oil)  
Large waste, furniture, mirrors, carpets, mattresses  
Substances and articles which, because of their weight, dimensions or shape, may endanger a waste container, waste truck or waste carrier



FIND THE NEAREST RECYCLING AND REUSE CENTER [KUHVUIA.EE/EN](http://KUHVUIA.EE/EN)

HANDED OVER TO A WASTE CARRIER WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF ORGANISED WASTE TRANSPORT